

Gardening for Wildlife

S S R E Z I L I T R E F M N
 E H M H A B I T A T T P P P
 I K E N D T K N D F O O D E
 T W G L B Z G I A G K P R S
 I M W E T Q V E T T W W E T
 V K W N R E L L R R I F T I
 A J V E R E R T T M W V L C
 C W T S A Z Z S Y R K F E I
 L A I V M L Z I D P V G H D
 W T E X F K J H K A O D S E
 Y S F N X S Q T H C O N T S
 H R Z W K N L Y P T W T A G
 F Y W H V A N B M F C P B C
 F T L J R G D E E W K L I M

Clues:

- The top layer of habitat
- Woodpeckers make these in trees
- Having many different species of plants and animals
- Heavy use can negatively effect our wildlife and habitats
- The third key element in gardening for wildlife
- The place wildlife call home
- Piles of these provide important habitat for insects
- The host plant of Monarch butterflies
- It is best to plant plants that are ___ to our area
- This can poison an ecosystem
- Hedgerows and dense shrubs provide this for wildlife
- A key elements to consider in gardening for wildlife
- Another word for dead tree
- Plants that provide seeds and nesting material for goldfinches
- This animals enjoys piles of rocks to take shelter in
- Another key element to consider in gardening for wildlife



